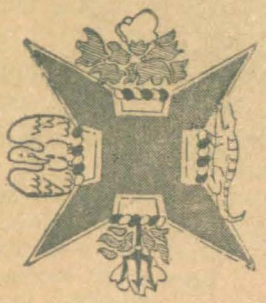




"IT SHALL BE DONE"

# The DIXIE

OFFICIAL NEWSPAPER OF THE DIXIE (31st) DIVISION



VOLUME 1

CAMP BLANDING, FLORIDA, Friday, July 25, 1941

Number 29

## Tons Of Rations Precede Troops To War Games

Three freight cars loaded with 200 tons of fresh meats, vegetables and non-perishable foods left Blanding this week to be rushed to Thomasville, Ga., Andalusia, Alabama, Laurel and Natchez, Miss., so that Division troops camping in these cities over night enroute to Louisiana will have an adequate food supply.

According to Captain Julian Pfaff, Division supply officer, this large volume of food will be augmented by supplies purchased from local concerns. Rations for soldiers will be on hand at these places twenty-four hours before the troops ride into town.

Two infantry regiments, the 124th and the 156th, and a small portion of the 106th Medical Regiment will travel by train. Supplies for these troops will be drawn two days in advance. Meals will be prepared in special kitchen cars by army cooks enroute to Dry Prong, where the troops will bivouac for the extensive war games. In addition to a large supply of fresh foods, non-perishable goods will be carried also to be served troops the first day they arrive in Louisiana.

Each night when units arrive at the bivouac area, regimental supply officers will draw enough rations for the following day. During the night, food will be distributed to battalions, then to companies ready for preparation the next day.

The master menu, made up by IV Army Corps, calls for a heavy breakfast and supper and a light lunch. This practice will be followed while troops are actively engaged in war games. While trucks rush over the highway from one camping place to another, cooks will be busy preparing hot meals on special gasoline ranges.

Soldiers will be introduced to field rations for the first time during maneuvers. Instead of bread, they will eat hardtack. Captain Pfaff explained that the new hardtack or field bread is not unpalatable. "It's the best turned out by the army to date. There is no comparison between this bread and that served during the last war."

"Menus planned for the maneuver are well balanced," Captain Pfaff said. "They are designed to give soldiers the nourishment they need. We will have beans—but there will never be a meal of just beans and nothing else. We'll always have plenty to eat."

## Labor Last Known To 114th Lieutenant

1st. Lieutenant Roland D. Lamb of the Medical Detachment, 114th Field Artillery knows what it is to labor and labor in vain. It all happened when the Mississippi artillerymen were trying their big guns on moving targets in the local maneuver area.

A reconnaissance car, driven by Private Clyde L. Crowder and transporting Captain Fred O'Bannon, intelligence officer (S-2) of the 114th, came to a temporary bridge, erected by the engineers. The vehicle got half way across and then stopped with the rear wheels deep in the slipping logs. Finally another truck was able to pull Range Officer O'Bannon's car off the bridge.

A short time later Lt. Lamb's auto, with Pvt. James E. Haslitt at the wheel approached the bridge and attempted a crossing. With no success. There were no other cars in the near vicinity, so the officer and his chauffeur began the tedious job of dislodging the obstructive logs. More than two hours were spent at this difficult task, and the car was still in an unmovable position. To the rescue then came Pvt. Crowder with Capt. O'Bannon's car, and they were able to get Lt. Lamb's car on sound terra firma once more. Labor lost was Lt. Lamb's, but the hard-working officer was pleased to get away from it all, his hands and sweat-soaked clothes giving mute testimony to the vain labors produced by bridges that give.

## Ready For Action



Major General John C. Persons, Division Commander, is ready with his men to face the event anticipated for months—Louisiana maneuvers. Eight months of training are behind. The General and the men feel prepared.

## Travel Schedule

1st Echelon—Departs July 26. Hq. 31st Division (less detachments). Special Troops (less detachments Hq. Co. and less 31st MP Company). Detachments 106th Med Regiment (Hq. & S. Co. & Co. H). Detachments 106th QM Regiment (Incl. Co. E).  
2nd Echelon—Departs July 27. Hq. & Hq. Co. 61st Inf. Brigade. CT 156 (less Engrs.) Detachments 106th QM Regiment. Detachments 31st Reconnaissance Troop.  
3rd Echelon—Departs July 28. Hq. & Hq. Btry. 56th FA Brigade. CT 156 (less Engrs.) (less rail elements). 116th FA (less 1st Bn.). Detachments 106th QM Regiment. Dets 31st Reconnaissance Troop.

4th Echelon—Departs July 28. Hq. & Hq. Co. 62nd Inf. Brigade. 117th FA (less 1st Bn.) Detachments 106th QM Regiment. Detachments 31st MP Company.  
5th Echelon—Departs July 30. CT 167 (less Engrs.) Dets. 124th Inf. Detachments 106th QM Regiment. Detachments 31st MP Company.  
6th Echelon—Departs July 31. Hq. 31st Division (less Detachments.) 114th FA. Detachments 31st MP Company.

**Rail Elements**  
Train No. 2—Departs July 30. 1-2 Hq. 1st Bn., Cos. A, B, & C—156th Inf.  
Train No. 3—Departs July 31. Hq. 2nd Bn., Cos. E, F, & G—156th Inf.  
Train No. 4—Departs July 31. Hq. 3rd Bn., Cos. I, K, & L—156th Inf. AG Section—31st Div.  
Train No. 5—Departs August 1. 1-2 Hq. & Hq. Co., Staff Section Service Co., Hq. & Hq. Det. 1st Bn., Cos. A, B, & C, 124th Inf.  
Train No. 6—Departs August 1. Hq. & Hq. Det., 2nd Bn., Cos. D, E, & F, 124th Inf.  
Train No. 7—Departs August 1. 1-2 Hq. & Hq. Co. Cos. G, H, & I, 124th Inf.  
Train No. 8—Departs August 2. Hq. & Hq. Det. 3rd Bn., Cos. K, L, & M, 124th Inf.  
Train No. 9—Departs August 2. 1-2 Hq. & Hq. 2nd Bn., Cos. D, E,

& F, 106th Med Regt & Antitank Co., 124th Inf.  
Train No. 10—Departs August 3. Hq. 1st Bn., Cos. A, & C, Hq. 3rd Bn., & Cos. G, & I, 106th Medical Regiment.

**Motor Schedule**  
**Arrival at Thomasville, Georgia**  
1st Echelon—July 26  
2nd Echelon—July 27  
3rd Echelon—July 28  
4th Echelon—July 29  
5th Echelon—July 30  
6th Echelon—July 31  
**Arrival at Audulusia, Alabama**  
1st Echelon—July 27  
2nd Echelon—July 28  
3rd Echelon—July 29  
4th Echelon—July 30  
5th Echelon—July 31  
6th Echelon—August 1

**Arrival at Laurel, Mississippi**  
1st Echelon—July 28  
2nd Echelon—July 29  
3rd Echelon—July 30  
4th Echelon—July 31  
5th Echelon—August 1  
6th Echelon—August 2  
**Arrival at Natchez, Miss.**  
1st Echelon—July 23  
2nd Echelon—July 30  
3rd Echelon—July 31  
4th Echelon—August 1  
5th Echelon—August 2  
6th Echelon—August 3  
**Arrival at Antonia Area, La.**  
1st Echelon—July 30  
2nd Echelon—July 31  
3rd Echelon—August 1  
4th Echelon—August 2  
5th Echelon—August 3  
6th Echelon—August 4

## Dixie Pay Day About August 8

The next pay day for the Dixie Division soldiers will be at the maneuver area in Louisiana on or about Wednesday, August 8, according to an announcement by Lt. Colonel James F. Cogdell, finance officer.

The Finance Section with some 30 men will leave by train with the 1st Bn. of the 156th Infantry on July 30 and establish its quarters on the field with the Rear Echelon.

## Enlisted Men Urged To Attend Signal School

Enlisted men of the 31st Division are urged to attend a new Signal Electricians' School, established this week under the supervision and control of the Commanding General of the 74th Field Artillery Brigade. Colonel Charles N. Sawyer, now director of the IV Army Corps Signal Schools, will direct the school's activities.

Requisites for the course, which is to be twelve weeks in duration, are a high school education, the completion of one year of college mathematics and physics, and a willingness to undertake the work involved. The purpose of the course is to train enlisted men as instructors, and in the repair and maintenance of signal equipment, placing special emphasis on the testing, installation and maintenance of vehicular radio sets. The latter are now being issued to units of the IV Army Corps at Camp Blanding.

The 31st Division has been allotted a minimum of ten and a maximum of fifteen students at the school. Enlisted instructors will be Corporal Lionel D. Worthing, Co. H, 167th Infantry; and Privates Thomas Appelwhite, Hq. Co., 124th Infantry; J. H. Cantrell, Band, 116th Field Artillery; and Harry E. Wilson, Hq. Co., 61st Infantry Brigade. The students will be attached to the 74th Field Artillery during the period of instruction.

Qualified engineering students from this course may be sent about September 15 to a civilian radio school.

"Excuse me, I was frightened by rifles," said the sweet young thing stepping back into the arms of a soldier watching rifle practice.

## Dixie Drivers Concentrate On "No Accident" Convoy

### Hope To Make 800 Mile Trip Through Three States Without Mishap

"Not a stitch or a splint on the trip!"

That is the goal set for the Dixie Division this week as its approximately 2,000 vehicles began the Division's largest movement to the Louisiana maneuver area.

A campaign to safeguard Dixie Division personnel on the 800-mile motor march was announced by Colonel A. Mogabgab, Division Surgeon, who urged cooperation of transportation officers, motor sergeants and chauffeurs to the end that the long journey will be unmarred by serious accidents. fl

## 31st Chauffeurs Unsung Heroes But Work Hard

By Pvt. George H. Seigel

Among the unsung heroes of the Division are the hundreds of chauffeurs who pilot command cars, station wagons, small and large trucks and motorcycles with a safety record that would gladden the heart of the sternest of traffic managers. Driving by day and night and under all weather conditions, the intrepid chauffeurs do a nerve-racking job well, and in the long convoys to Louisiana will face another crucial test of their chauffeur abilities and stamina.

The members of the Transportation Section of the 106th Quartermaster Regiment is a typical motor unit. Headed by 2nd Lt. Oscar B. Rich and Sergeant Earl M. Blackwell, this outfit has had but half a dozen minor accidents since its formation in December. The story of any of the 12 men assigned to this section or the eight who drive General Staff Officers is the story of all of them, for they all observe the same rules, have the same general qualifications and records quite identical.

Take Private Henry M. Green of Foley, Alabama, for instance. Pvt. Green drove automobiles—from Fords to heavy trucks and tractors—for seven years before entering the service and covered approximately 100,000 miles. He has been a chauffeur here since December, driven about 10,000 miles without the semblance of an accident.

The Alabamian's safety record can be traced to his adherence to the driving rules and regulations—maximum speed of 30 miles per hour within camp, use of hand signals at turns, keeping his eyes open, his mind on his business, being on the alert, not smoking while driving and not breaking through convoy unless a Staff Officer directs. Pvt. Green and his fellow chauffeurs have to know the location of all the main buildings on the reservation, understand map reading and the shortest routes from Blanding to many nearby cities and areas.

Every morning Pvt. Green has to check his car for general mechanical condition, gasoline, oil, and battery reading. Everything possible is done to prevent a breakdown of a Transportation unit car, and there have been very few. Driving at night the men rest, exercise and smoke, ten minutes every two hours, so that they can stay awake at

(Continued on page four)

## Teeth Lost In Ocala Are Still Unreplaced

Although the Ocala National Forest trek is a thing of the past, there is one private in the 124th Infantry who thinks of the trip quite often. In fact, every time he swallows—and he swallows quite a bit.

The soldier went for a cooling dip in Lake Kerr and in so doing lost his false teeth somewhere on the muddy bottom. As a result, he has had no solid food since that time, and is anxiously awaiting payday, so that he might be able to make an installment on a new set of "store teeth."

"Although the safety record of the Division to date has been extremely good," Colonel Mogabgab declared, "all drivers should exercise even more care during the ensuing movement. Each driver should consider his cargo of fellow soldiers most precious and protect them at all times by driving carefully."

Under a plan being studied by Major General John C. Persons, commander, and his staff, drivers of the Dixie Division will be graded on their safety record, and a monthly award for individual drivers scoring perfect is planned. Infringement of driving regulations, even though the driver avoids an accident, will be counted against the chauffeur in the scoring.

The approved plan will be in effect during the movement of the Division's six convoys to Louisiana and scores also will be kept during the time the Division is in the field.

It was pointed out that, enroute to the maneuver area, the Division's vehicles will travel through many towns and cities large and small—driving through civilian traffic, and, in some instances, traversing highly congested areas. This makes it imperative that extreme care be exercised at all times by motor drivers.

"Not a stitch nor a splint on the trip" is the division's watchword for the Louisiana movement. And, although the 106th Medical Regiment will carry "stitches and splints" and other medical supplies ample for an emergency, the medics don't want to use them for a single traffic injury.

## 13 Brother Sets In 156th Company

A "family" company that's up near the top with the number of brother teams on its roster is Co. B, 156th Infantry. Altogether, the Louisiana unit has 13 sets of brothers, together with one father-son combine.

The brothers are: Second Lt. Joseph P. and Corp. John Logan; Second Lt. Ogden E. and 1st Sgt. Norman H. Stansbury; Sgt. Murphy M., Corp. Ury S., and Pfc. Joseph Arcement; Sgt. John F. and Corp. Virgil E. Kreider; Sgt. Hilton and Corp. Floyd J. Michel; Sgt. Joseph A. and Pfc. Peter M. Spinella.

Privates First Class Joseph M. and Paul E. Babin; Privates First Class Neal J. and Louis J. Fromenthal; Privates First Class Abel J. and Kirvey E. Gagneaux; Privates Armond G. and Elly Fuseiler; Pwts. Samuel D., William and Wilburn Jordan; Pwts. Jacques and Lyle Stelly; and Pwts. John and Frank Woodson.

In the father and son team, the son outranks the father, Wybra S. Delaune holds a sergeant's rating while his father, Agne J. Delaune, is the head cook of the company, a job requiring a private first class third class specialist.

## G. E. Seeks Old Members

The General Electric Company is desirous of securing the names of all former employees who are now stationed at Camp Blanding. Such men are asked to contact the Camp Public Relations Officer at Camp Headquarters (Phone 48).

### Camp Mail Address

Officers and men remaining in camp during maneuvers are asked to advise their correspondents of changes in address. Specimens follow:

Camp Guard  
Pvt. John Charles Doe  
Provisional Guard Company  
31st Division  
Camp Blanding, Fla.  
Sick in Hospital  
Pvt. John Charles Doe  
Ward No. ....  
Station Hospital  
Camp Blanding, Fla.  
Electricians School  
Pvt. John Charles Doe  
IV Army Corps Electricians School  
Camp Blanding, Fla.  
Guest House  
Guest House No. 1 or Service Club  
Camp Blanding, Fla.

## Past Maneuvers Described By Dixie Sergeant

By Sgt. Paul S. Dodge  
31st Div. G-2 Section

Just to give the new men a gentle hint of things to come, I've decided to take my typewriter in hand and put down a few impressions gained last year when we held maneuvers in Louisiana before the National Guard was inducted.

At the time I was serving with Company M, 155th Infantry. I was doing quite a bit of footwork, being a private in a walking outfit. My outstanding impression of our little jaunt to the very country where we are going this week was rain.

Not just drizzles but hard and powerful cloudbursts. We had rain for breakfast, dinner and supper. Then we slept in water pouring through our tents. The ditches we dug merely diverted a part of the torrent; the rest of the current cut channels through our tents.

Bread, blankets, clothing and everything else were constantly moist. Men went to bed and woke up with water rising about their heads. Soldiers were found with their beds sunk in mud, only the sleeper's head above the surface.

And there was a certain type of grass—inviting to the footsore infantryman who wanted a soft cushion on which to walk—which grew to a height of from six inches to two feet. When that growth got damp, which was every day, it was worse than quicksand to march through. You think this Florida sand is mean—hub.

When those battles start, and I understand they are due to be much more realistic than any ever undertaken before, there will be no rest. Every man in this outfit is going to look back at his training and realize he went through a vacation. But that training is just the thing needed for what is to come. We are going into something which will be tough, uncomfortable and calling for real men to stand the strain.

After that Ocala trip I guess the 31st can take what comes in stride, but they can get over any cocky attitude. To use a much maligned phrase: They ain't seen nothin' yet.

## Final Blanding Dance Held By 114th F. A.

The 114th Field Artillery Regiment—the first organization to hold a dance at the Division Service Club—was also the last to run a function there, previous to maneuvers, when the Mississippi soldiers staged a gala farewell to Camp Blanding Tuesday evening.

To the tune of music of Private First Class Carl M. Johnstone, Jr.'s, 114th swing band, the artillerymen said farewell to Blanding during the hours of 8:30 till 11:30.



## THE DIXIE

Official Newspaper of the  
DIXIE (31ST) DIVISION  
Camp Blanding, Florida

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THE DIXIE is published Saturday of each week in the interest of the officers and men of the 31st Division with publication offices at Press Section, Special Troops Dispensary.—Phone 240.

## THE TIME IS HERE

It seems there is a limit to everything. So now the time has come for us to take down our false whiskers, stick out our chests and quit trying to whistle in the dark.

The men in this Dixie Division are from a cynical generation; used to doubting. We have spent our growing years in hearing a thousand different arguments, creeds and opinions. Some of the men here were probably even members of that ironic organization: "The Veterans of Future Wars."

It has been the style of our crowd to sneer at those soft spots in people which cause a thrill when the band plays. We are accustomed to doubting all we are told and laughing at anything not of benefit to our own personal careers. We couldn't help it; every generation is molded through circumstances; ours happened to have developed a hard shell of doubt.

But we might as well stop all that pretense. We might just as well admit we feel a thrill of pride when the colors go by. It makes us damn proud to know we are working shoulder to shoulder with twenty thousand other southern men; all dedicated to the same cause. Every Manjack here is glad he is in the 31st when the band plays "Dixie."

We kick and grouch—a soldier must use his steam valve—but that is merely a coverup to keep from breaking faith with our cynicism. It hurts us to admit we actually are a bunch of softies about our country.

And we know why we are here. It is because this country is on the verge of war. The United States is in great danger and we are the guys who are going to have to carry the ball when the pressure is on. The only way we can do this is by being taught. We have become hard in the past months. Ninety five percent of this unit is now in better condition than ever before.

They are going to have to be. This Louisiana trip is no vacation with pay. Those sweaty hours on the Ocala maneuver were child's play compared to what lies ahead. Swaps, rain and long night marches are due to be an everyday occurrence. Two solid months of body racking effort is the least we can expect.

Yes, we might as well admit that we are proud of our regiments; The old Fourth Alabama of the Rainbow Division, the 155th Mississippi Infantry, one of the most famous in the country and all these other units who have a tradition behind them. The new outfits are on the verge of making history.

We might as well admit our weakness. We are patriotic, we have pride in our history and tradition and we are willing to fight for our beliefs. Those statements would have been the subject of a horselaugh five years ago—now they are the truth.

We are in one of the most important periods of United States development. Our success may decide the story to be written in the history books. The men who wrote the chapters before us were tough and knew what they wanted. The men here today are hard and, thought they don't like to talk about it, have the same spirit as the others. The 31st is heading into what may amount to a Junior Hell—but they have what it takes.

Hero Stripes Earned  
By 114th Mascot

"Bazooka," the fox terrier mascot of Battery D, 114th Field Artillery, earned his hero stripes this week when he came to the rescue of Private Joseph H. Jarreau.

The artilleryman was standing with some mates after mess when a coral snake, some three feet in length, began creeping up Jarreau's leg. He had reached his

legging and was ready to thrust his fangs in the unsuspecting soldier's leg, when an observer warned Pvt. Jarreau. The latter, however, thought it was a joke and paid no heed to his brother soldier.

At this point, "Bazooka," evidently sensing the danger, dashed into action. With one quick lunge he grabbed the reptile in his mouth and walked away with his victim, snapping the coral snake until it was no longer alive.

Twenty-Six Thousand Spent With PX  
Following Ocala Forest Pay Day

By Private George H. Siegel

\$26,000 is a lot of money in any one's language, and that's the amount spent by Dixie Division soldiers with the 31st Division Exchange on the recent trek to and from the Ocala National Forest. That the boys were plenty hungry and thirsty after their marching and maneuvering is evidenced by the amounts of various items purchased.

The troops quenched their thirst with no less than 85,992 six-ounce bottles and 76,251 twelve-ounce bottles of soft drinks; 1,248 cans of grapefruit and orange juices; 19,683 pint bottles and 11,420 half pint bottles of sweet and chocolate milk. What a thirst! It took 120,000 pounds of ice to keep the drinks cold. fl

The ice cream department was not neglected, either, for the men consumed no less than 8,012 ice cream sticks, 6,096 ten cent cups and 13,574 pints of ice cream. They topped that off with 3,938 packages of assorted cracker sandwiches and sweet cakes.

When they were through eating and lighted up, they really did some smoking! The statistics read: 1,500,000 cigarettes, 27,850 cigars and 29,160 boxes of penny matches. Some men, of course, chose their pipes or rolled their own and they used 7,000 packages of smoking tobacco to do it. During their leisure hours they read 10,000 newspapers and 355 weekly magazines brought in through the medium of the Exchange.

Not neglecting their sweet tooth, the troops consumed 44,000 bars of candy. They ate over 6,000 packages of peanuts, both salted and roasted in the shell, enough to gladden the heart of Dr. Carver.

When they weren't drinking, eating or smoking, the men went to work on chewing gum or tobacco—6,000 packages of chewing gum and 2,253 plugs of tobacco being purchased by the Dixie Divisioners. Evidently, the soldiers paid attention to their cleaning too, for 1,142 bars of soap; 396 tubes of tooth paste; 72 tooth brushes; 144 tubes of shaving cream and 730 packages of razor blades were sold. Most toilet articles were reported sold early in the evening of July 3rd when rumor had it that the MPs were examining the early leavers and sending some men back to tidy up.

The folks back home were not entirely forgotten. Those that remained in the Forest over the holiday purchased 132 boxes of writing paper and envelopes to tell their relatives and friends of their experiences at Ocala. Headaches must have been few, as only 84 dozen aspirin tablets were disposed of.

The Exchange office was a beehive of activity on the nights of Sunday, July 6. Weary soldiers from the country were lost in the forest and city boys needed street lights to guide them. Close to 300 men inquired at the Exchange office as to where and how they could locate their respective companies or batteries.

Statisticians are invited to make their own comparisons as to how far the gum will stretch and how high the cigarettes will extend if stacked end to end. One thing is certain, however, if all the lost and unreturned bottles were recovered and refilled every man who made the Ocala march could enjoy another refreshing drink.

These figures and that \$26,000 expended by the men gives some idea of the magnitude of the work of the Exchange. The organization started from scratch without a dime in capital on the Ocala trip, the Camp Blanding Exchange co-operating to the extent of furnishing a truck, cash registers and safes. Lt. Colonel Waldo Willis, Division Exchange Officer, gave credit for the success of the enterprise to the ability and initiative of Major Stanhope C. Smith of the 116th Field Artillery, assistant exchange officer, and Gunter Watson, civilian steward. These three men and the non-commissioned officers and soldiers employed in the Division Exchange branches were on the "alert" and the soldiers will soon storm their counters again in the maneuver area in Louisiana. The Ocala experiment has the PX all primed to continue to dish out the merchandise, no matter how great the quantities desired.

## Farewell Party

The Jewish Welfare Board, Jacksonville Jewish Temple, Laura and Ashley Streets, cordially invites Dixie Division personnel to attend a final reception and dance in their honor Saturday night, July 26. The event is held to bid farewell to men leaving for maneuvers.

Medicos Work  
At Front In Battle

The average person has a misconception of just what are the duties of the soldiers who work in the 106th Medical regiment under Colonel Annes Mogabgab. Offhand, one would say that the Medicos treat the wounded and send the most seriously shot into the hospital. Well, that's right, but it's only a minor part of their duties. You'll find the boys with the red cross on their arms running through gun-fire and working as much right up in front of the action as well as back of the lines.

The Medical regiment comprises three very important units. First, there's the collecting station which runs its men on the shuttle system. Camp Blanding's collecting station is under the orders of Lieutenant Colonel John McDill of Jackson, Miss., and Captain Zachary Romeo of New Orleans. The collecting station assembles the wounded, sending them to the battalion aid station, and acting as liaison with the clearing station.

Then, there's the ambulance company of the second battalion. The ambulance boys tag the patients, diagnose their wounds and re-bandage and re-dress the wounded. In charge of the ambulance section is Major Sisler.

Then we come to the clearing station under Major Chester Fresh of New Orleans and the Third Battalion. The clearing station makes a final disposition of all casualties, passing on the decision as to whether or not the men should be sent back into action, held until after observation or sent to a hospital.

There are other important medical units which will be seen in action during the Louisiana maneuvers. There's the headquarters and service company's detachment under Captain Carson, and the litter bearers. The litter bearers, also working on a shuttle system, are important during an air attack by the enemy, scurrying here and there to pick up the wounded.

## Artillerymen March

Battery D, 117th F. A. comes forth with one of the best stories heard concerning the recent maneuver to Ocala National Forest. The story goes that Cpls Charles Harrison and Jack Green decided to show the infantrymen marching to the forest that, contrary to their belief, artillerymen aren't "softies".

Upon reaching the bivouac area near Johnson the first night, the two corporals made ready their packs and joined one of the infantry regiments. When the regiment fell in early the next morning Corps. Harrison and Green were right there with them, ready for the day's twenty-mile hike to Melrose. The humorous part is the fact that not only did the two artillerymen complete the march but that they are reported to have fared better than lots of the infantrymen who were used to the long hikes!

Girl Troubles Over  
Ready For Louisiana

Private Comer Jenkins, Battery E, 117th Field Artillery, claims that he will now enjoy the trip to Louisiana because he'll be free of worry (girl-worry). It seems that the soldier received a surprise package several days ago in the form of a picture he'd given his girl-friend and a huge bunch of letters he'd written her during the course of their romance. Private Jenkins seems to think the cause of the "break" was brought about by two things, namely: something he did do which he shouldn't have and something he didn't do which he should have.

There are more than one hundred new training camps in the United States.

Post Exchanges  
Ready To Serve

The 31st Division Exchange is ready to serve the troops in Louisiana, according to Exchange Officer Lt. Colonel Waldo Willis, who has completed plans for the organization's operation during the maneuver period. In fact, the PX is also making arrangements for merchandise service for the men enroute.

American Legion Posts at the four bivouac cities will provide facilities for the men traveling by convoy, and the foot elements moving by train will also be supplied with their needs under PX auspices.

The Exchange branches will move in the La. bivouac areas in advance of the motorized troops and set up their regimental exchanges. Coupon books will be issued in the regular manner, but Camp Blanding canteen checks will not be accepted or exchanged—either on the trains or in the maneuver area. Lt. Col. Willis advises all soldiers holding partly used coupon books to anticipate their needs in advance and dispose of the books for merchandise prior to their departure. Credit will be extended by the PX only through its own coupons, and there will be no charge accounts.

Minimum requirements for barber service have been arranged and plans are being made for the sale of daily newspapers and weekly magazines. Because of traffic congestion, exchanges will be set back deep in the regimental areas. The same reasonable prices will be maintained, says Lt. Col. Willis, and all profits over and above the cost of operation will be returned to the men through the organization funds.

Retired Non-Com  
Had 500 Crests

Sergeant Benjamin Dixon, who recently completed his enlistment with Company B, 124th Infantry, took home to Miami with him perhaps the largest collection of regimental insignias possessed by any man in the 31st Division. More than 500 are in the former non-com's collection, many of them from foreign legions and distant countries.

Over eight years were spent in completing the collection, and a variety of methods used in securing the badges. Some were purchased, some were donated and others were traded with soldiers from other regiments who were also collectors. The insignias are of all types and sizes and include a number of unique designs and some which are no longer obtainable. Among these are some from France, Poland, Norway, Denmark and Africa, including the famed insignia used by the English in the Boer War.

Sgt. (pardon,) Mr. Dixon thinks well of the Dixie Division's insignia, as he believes that it well represents the four southern states of Florida, Mississippi, Alabama and Louisiana. The general outline of the insignia is outstanding, Dixon says, and attracts attention wherever it is worn.

Pvt. Ate Shoe Leather  
Fellows Laughed

Peculiar traits of childhood often cause embarrassment in later life. Jake Courtney, Company C, 155th Infantry Regiment, still suffers occasionally from a habit of eating leather which earned him the nickname of "Leather Eating Jake."

Courtney explained to his friends that for many years he tried to break himself of the habit. He said he was sixteen years old before he gave it up. "It was certainly embarrassing for my folks. I'd nibble on a shoe or purse no matter where I was. Sometimes when I walked down the street with a girl, the fellows would yell, 'Hello, Leather Eater.' It certainly made me feel bad."

It is fortunate that Courtney has given up eating leather or his buddies would be walking around barefooted.

Natchez Plans Dance  
For 155th Infantry

Soldiers of the 155th Infantry regiment were told this week that Mississippi troops will be guests at a dance given by Herbert J. Remondet Post, American Legion of Natchez, Wednesday evening, July 30. Music will be played by Bud Scott's negro orchestra. In return for this courtesy troops will probably parade for town folks. The 155th Medicos baseball team are also scheduled to play a local club under lights the same night. The band under the direction of Tech. Sgt. Marion R. Walden will give a concert. One of the features of the musical program will be the "Dixie March" composed and arranged by Corp. John C. Lawrence, company C, 15th Infantry, and from Natchez.



PRIVATE  
TALK  
BY  
PRIVATE JAMES ALSOP

That guy Land the reporter is at it again.

There seems to be absolutely no limit to what the demon won't do to his subjects. Given a soldier—say a mess sergeant—a joke-book, and whatever it is he promises and there he has it: a story. And there they get it: Infamy.

We won't expose too much his method, but here is a typical one, turned in and sworn valid by all that is sacred to fellow of his mold. Listen to him:

"This one comes out of the mess-hall of Co. C. 156th Inf., a Houma, La., unit in which the majority of the boys speak French.

"The men were passing down the mess-line one evening last week getting their supper, the main course of which was bean soup. Dubious glances were being cast at the watery liquid that Mess Sgt. Kolbert Martin was ladeling out. Finally one of the soldiers gathered up his courage and the query:

'What is this you are feeding us, Sergeant?'

'Oh, it's bean soup,' was the reply.

The soldier pondered a moment. 'Sergeant, me I ain't ask you what it's bin; what I want to know is what it is.'

Don't see how he does it.

Really impressive must have been the scene down in officer's mess of the 167th Infantry this week. On the night of July 14th seven men without being told met after the evening meal. They filled glasses, held them quietly a minute, drank, then dashed the emptied vessels to the floor. It was a silent toast to comrades killed in the bloody La Croix Rouge offensive on July 14, 1918. Annually the toast is drunk.

Tradition has its place.

And again in the 167th an evening scene, but different characters, different motives. Corp. Ed. Duke and Pvt. James Martin, Hq. Det. 3rd Bn., sought information on the Army Air Corps. They weren't sure they wanted to sign up for three years, just wanted to know all about it. Finally they talked it over with the recruiting sergeant at Reception Center. After some minutes of to and fro palaver the recruiter looked up and said:

"Your discharges will be down in three or four days."

Dixie Soldier  
Commended By  
Brig. General

This letter from the commanding general of Camp Wheeler, Brig. Gen. John H. Hester, who came to Camp Blanding last week when the 43rd Division passed in review, was received by the commanding officer of Company M, 167th Inf., this week and is self explanatory:

"Dear Captain, 'On Wednesday, July 16, I arrived at Starke Field by army plane to attend the Division review for General Payne. Through a misunderstanding as to the place of my arrival, there was no transportation at the field to take me to Camp Blanding. It so happened that a Sergeant James A. Ball of your company came by in his own car and picked me up. He drove me to Blanding and took me directly to the reviewing stand.

I am writing this to tell you how well impressed I was with the courtesy and obliging manner of the sergeant who gave me this assistance. Although he was very definite about stating that the service he rendered was of no inconvenience to him, I am sure that this was not the case since he was on leave at the time.

He very politely refused to accept any reimbursement for his trouble despite the fact that I was quite insistent. Soldiers such as Sergeant Ball reflect credit upon their organization and the standards required by their commanding officers.

Sincerely,  
John H. Hester  
Brigadier General,  
U. S. Army  
Commanding."

Songbooks Added  
In 167th Infantry

The third battalion, 167th Infantry will be known as the singing battalion henceforth with the distribution of army song books in the battalion, by the battalion commander, Lt. Colonel Harry Smith. Col. Smith procured the song books after the battalion showed an inclination to sing marching songs on the Ocala march.

"Now the men can't say they don't know the words when the rest of the boys sing," Colonel Smith remarked.

CORRECTION: The DIXIE of two weeks ago stated that the softball team of Co. I, 156th Inf., had been defeated by a team from the 155th Inf. It was the baseball team of the infantry company that was defeated and not the softball group. The softball team is undefeated in 25 games.

Missed Ride Provokes  
"Reddest" Case of "Reds"

For the "reddest" case of the "reds" we give you Pvt. William Brown of Co. E, 156th Infantry when he awoke last Sunday morning.

Ordinarily, a Sunday morning awakening is a pleasant thing for an infantryman and it would have been for Brown except that it was July 20, 1941.

You see, Brown had in his pocket his first furlough since he came to Camp Blanding, saying that he could leave camp at 12:01 a. m., July 20, a ride at that time to his home 700 miles away in Louisiana. He also had slept through the ride.

The story has a happy ending however. Brown told the tale of his mishaps to his commanding officer, Capt. Roland F. DeSoler, and the kind-hearted captain postponed the furlough until the next week.

Discharged Sgt.  
Returns To Home

Sergeant Glenn Billings of New Orleans has gone home. The popular member of Company A of the 106th Medical Regiment on Tuesday, July 22, received his discharge, having served 3 years under his National Guard enlistment. At a farewell party, Sergeant Billings unlatched his pocket-book to the extent of treating his non-commissioned officers to soft drinks—at a cost of forty cents!

STARKE THEATRES, JULY 27  
AUGUST 2

## PARK

Sun.—Mon.—Robert Taylor in FLIGHT COMMAND.

Tues.—Wed.—YOUNG PEOPLE with Shirley Temple and Jack Oakie.

Wed.—Thurs.—Ginger Rogers and Dennis Morgan in KITTY FOYLE.

Fri.—MAISIE WAS A LADY with Ann Sothern and Lew Ayres.

Sat.—Double Feature. THE GAY CABALLERO With Caesar Romero. COWBOY FROM SUNDOWN with Tex Ritter.

Midnight show, Sat., 11:30 p. m. SAILORS LADY with Nancy Kelley and John Hall.

RITZ

Sun.—Mon.—MEN OF BOYS TOWN with Spencer Tracy and Mickey Rooney.

Tues.—WASHINGTON MELODRAMA with Ralph Morgan and THE PENALTY.

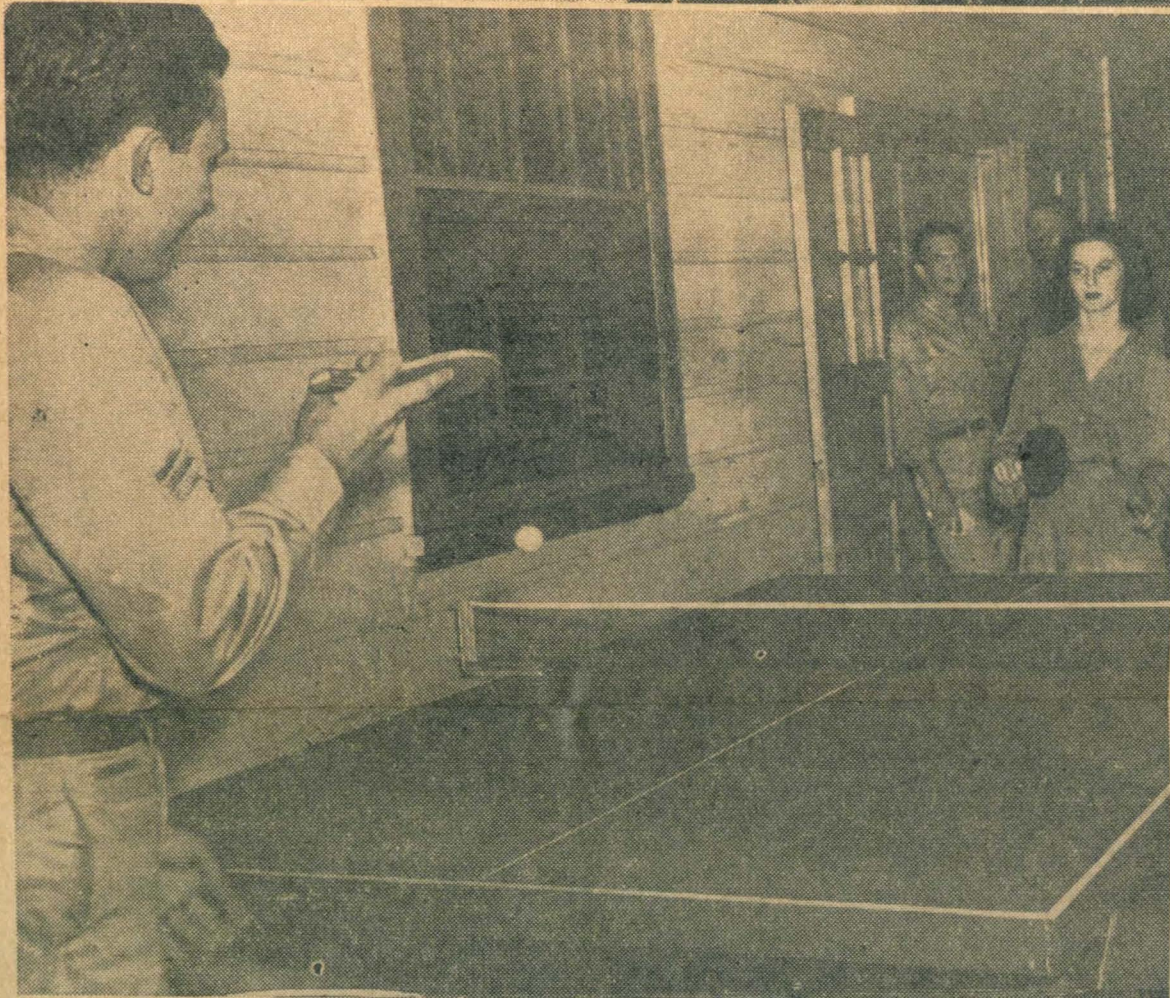
Wed.—Thurs.—THE LADY EVE with Henry Fonda and Barbara Stanwick.

Fri.—Double Feature. THEY MET IN ARGENTINA with James Ellison and Maureen O'Hara and MAIL TRAIN with Lloyd Nolan.

Sat.—Double Feature. HAUNTED GOLD with John Wayne and SAINTS VACATION with George Sanders.



# Final Fling



Here is the story of how Sgt. Charles E. Shaw of Hdq. Battery, 114th F. A. enjoyed his final fling before flinging those 155 shells in Louisiana. His date, Miss Dorothy Steele of Winter Haven, Fla., sort of helped out a bit. They decided nothing can be very well done on an empty stomach so they eat. And a very tasty dinner it was in the Service Club Cafeteria. "My! That dinner was worth writing home about," she says. So she tells Mother all about it. Mrs. C. W. Chalker, club hostess, provides pen and paper. In picture 3, "Ping," she says. "Pong," he replies. Thus begins a game of the combined ejaculations on the hostess house courts. There happened that night a dance by the 117th Field Artillery. Graciously they admitted Dorothy and Charles. Thus was provided everything—Lovely music, decorations, surroundings, even stags. In fact there were almost too many stags, Charles said. But brief dances or no, it was enjoyed. "We'll have to plan another week-end like this," he tells her. Then comes the final scene. No balcony here, but it's fond, that goodbye, and yes, final. He probably tells her he will write often. She says likewise will do she. It's a bargain. Her letters will be postmarked "Winter Haven;" his "somewhere in Louisiana." And in two "short" months maybe there will be another dance, the same boy and girl, and the Service Club.

## 87 Dixie Men Form Company Left To Guard

While the Division is maneuvering in Louisiana a guardian force of 80 enlisted men and seven commissioned officers will keep watch over the Dixie area here at Blanding, according to instructions issued by Division headquarters Monday. Captain Frank M. Whiddon of the 124th Infantry has been designated commander of provisional guard company. The ten regiments of the Division will each furnish eight enlisted men, while the commissioned officers assigned come one each from the 106th Medical, 106th Engineers, 116th and 117th Field Artillery regiments, and the 124th, 155th and 167th Infantry regiments.

The service records of men on detail, sick in hospital or quarters, or in the stockade will be retained here by the provisional guard company. Officers and men attending schools here will be rationed and quartered with the provisional company. As fast as these men are ready for return to duty with their regiments, they will be evacuated to the Louisiana maneuver area by rail in groups of not less than ten.

The provisional guard company will be divided into two platoons of 40 men and four officers each. One platoon will be rationed and quartered in the Service Company area of the 124th Infantry and the other in the Headquarters Battery area of the 117th Field Artillery. Men whose enlistments expire on or before October 1 who are not reenlisting will be left in camp and attached to the provisional company for rations and quarters.

## 116th Directed From Truck Hq.

Colonel Homer W. Hesterly, guiding hand of the 116th Field Artillery, will direct the activities of his regiment henceforth from the rear of a six by six, three ton truck, which this week was transformed into a compact, complete, modern office.

Private Raymond Killinger, of the 116th Headquarters Battery, from St. Petersburg, Fla., installed the equipment in the truck which includes two large swinging tables, one of each side, a drawing table in the forward end, a typewriter table in front, filing cabinets, and two way electric lights. Killinger learned cabinet making and carpentry while employed in a St. Petersburg casket factory.

Colonel Hesterly's Army office will have distinctions from a regular office. There will be no Persian rugs on the floor, and in place of a pretty stenographer there will be only Operations Corporal Richard Luce, of Clearwater, Fla.

The equipping of a truck as Command Post headquarters was made necessary by the fact that the Command Post trailer, the usual headquarters in the field, is State of Florida property and not allowed on the Louisiana maneuvers.

## Recreational Director Added To Starke YMCA

Robert J. Wear, executive secretary and Miss Gertrude Erskine, assistant secretary of the Starke Army Y. M. C. A. announced today that J. H. McGinnis of Vicksburg, Miss., has been engaged as recreation director. He will begin his duties Thursday, August 10.

Mr. McGinnis' primary task will be to work with regimental officers in the promotion of athletic contests. He is well known in Mississippi, where he served as program director in Vicksburg Y. M. C. A. work.

The Army Y. M. C. A. has volunteered to serve as a "personal" service agency for soldiers while they are in Louisiana. Soldiers are asked to feel free to write the YMCA and ask them to do some of the things they forgot to do before they left for war games.

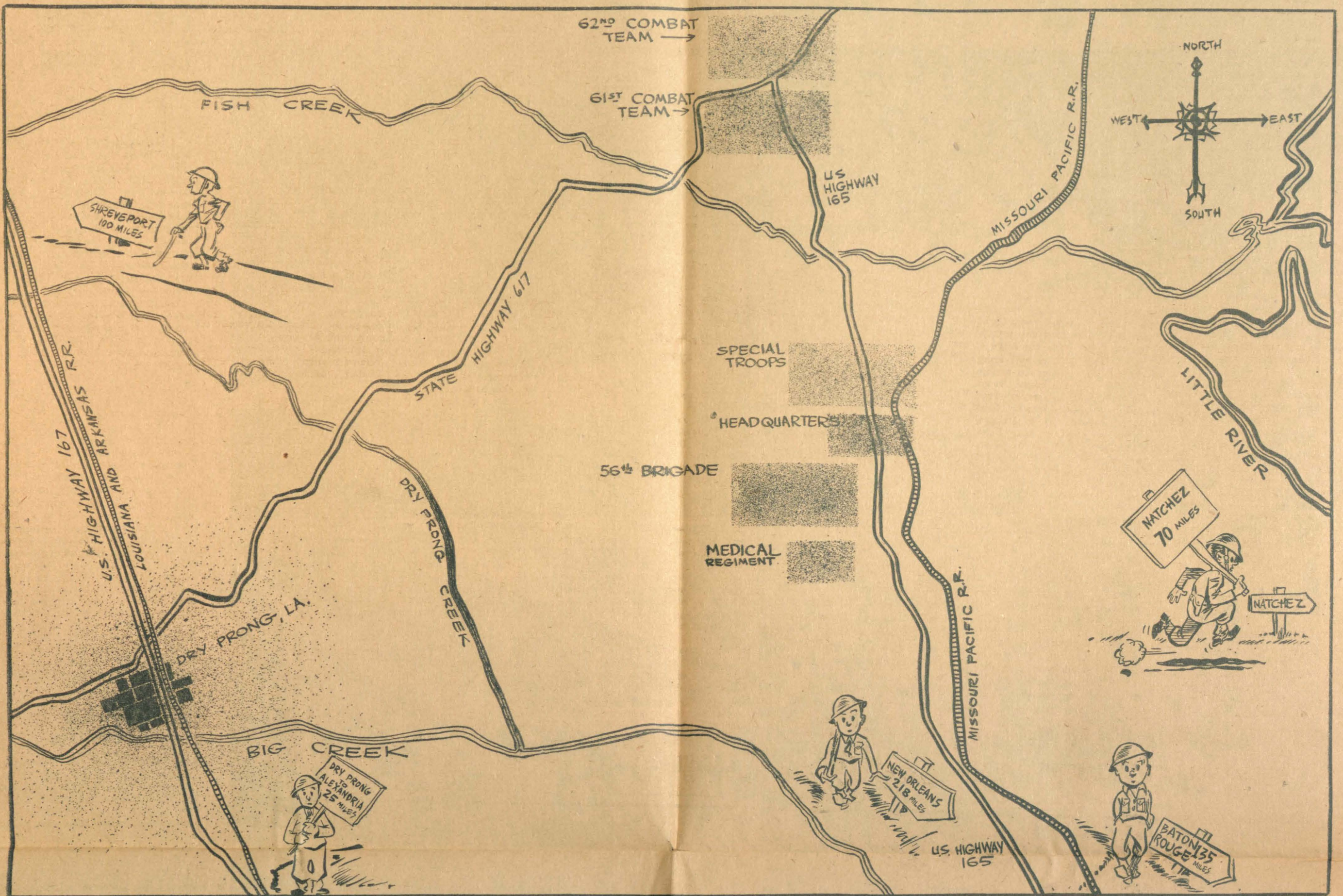
## Leisure Time Program Provided For 155th

Though the 155th Infantry Regiment will be actively engaged in war games during the Louisiana Maneuvers, Lt. George Donovan, recreation officer, will promote an active leisure time program. Two enlisted men, Corp. Chester Cartrette and Pvt. William Petty will continue to assist him in his work.

All men in intelligence sections are not intelligent.



# Dixie Division's Position In Louisiana Area



## Medical Department Important To Welfare Of Nation's Soldiers

(Ed. note: This is the concluding article in the series on departments and functions of components of the modern army. All are closely related but it is the hope that the reader has gained some knowledge of just how specialized each is.)

The Medical Department is charged with the preservation of health of the command and with the care and treatment of the sick and wounded men and animals so that casualties may be converted promptly into replacement. Medical detachments are assigned to or attached to all units larger than a company. Medical battalions and medical regiments are provided for the collection of casualties from unit aid stations and for their transportation and temporary treatment pending their removal to surgical or evacuation hospitals. Hospital trains are provided for the evacuation of patients to general hospitals and convalescent hospitals. Other medical units include supply depots, laboratories, aviation medical examining units, army surgical groups, general dispensaries and station hospitals. The veterinary service includes veterinary detachments, veterinary companies, evacuation hospitals, general hospitals and convalescent hospitals. The only duty of the veterinary service in Camp Blanding is the inspection of meat.

In war our Army uses large numbers of weapons of all kinds from pistols to huge guns and tanks and tremendous amounts of ammunition for all these tools of war. It is the business of the Ordnance Department to design, obtain and distribute to the arms and services that use them the weapons and ammunition with which war is fought. The work of improving old weapons and developing new ones, which goes on constantly in time of peace as we prepare for the defense of our country is another important work done by the Ordnance Department. It also takes care of the large stores of fighting materials kept on hand in peace and in war, helps the other arms and services to take proper care of the weapons in their hands.

The Ordnance Department with its large force of technical experts gives the Army the tools it fights with. In all its work it cooperates closely with the fighting arms to furnish them the best and most powerful tools of war.

The General Staff Corps has

for its purpose the furnishing of professional aid and assistance to higher commanders coordinating the actions of all subordinate units.

The Special Staffs are as follows:

The Adjutant General's Department furnishes specialized administrators for higher commands. It is charged with the publication of orders, the preservation of records, supervision of the Army Postal Service, recruiting and such other duties as the Secretary of War may assign to it.

The Inspector General's Department is an instrument placed at the disposal of the Secretary of War to assist him in the administration of the War Department and the Army of the United States. This assistance is furnished by means of periodic inspections and special investigations. The department consists of the rank of major general and 64 commissioned assistants of the grades from major to colonel all detailed in the department from various arms and service. In the National Guard and Officers' Reserve Corps, inspectors general are detailed in a similar manner, twenty-seven warrant officers are on duty with the Inspector General's Department as assistants to Corps Area and department inspectors general. The department has no regularly assigned enlisted men. Each National Guard division includes in its headquarters an inspectors section to which both officer and enlisted personnel are assigned. The

officer assigned to this section is known as the Inspector General of the Division.

The Finance Department is charged with disbursing and accounting for the funds appropriated by Congress for the Army. It pays the salaries of all War Department personnel, military and civilian, and pays the amounts due for all Army purchases. The Finance Department also has the important duty of auditing the accounts of Army property (arms, equipment, clothing, trucks, animals) kept by the other arms and services. Whether the Quartermaster Corps buys shoe strings or the Air Corps buys huge bombers, the Finance Department makes the payment, assures that the cost is charged against the right congressional appropriation, and sees that all items bought are correctly recorded in a property account and thus placed in the keeping of an accountable officer.

The Judge Advocate General's Department furnishes legal advisers to the Secretary of War and to the commanders of the higher units.

The Chaplains serve the moral and religious needs of the entire personnel of the command to which assigned.

### "People And Soldiers" Visit Service Club

Pfc. Walter Pierce, Company E, 155th Infantry and Pvt. William Conroy of C Company were standing outside the 31st Div., Service Club. A pretty young miss, who was undecided whether or not civilians were permitted in the building asked the soldiers—"Do they allow people in there?" "Yes," replied Conroy,—"People and soldiers too."

### Transfer To Air Corps

Latest transfers to the Air Corps from the 156th Infantry regiment are Staff Sgt. Sidney C. Marlborough, Headquarters Det., 3rd Battalion, and Pvt. Harold J. Barrilleaux, of Co. B. Pvt. Barrilleaux went to Barksdale Field at Shreveport, La., last week and Sgt. Marlborough is attached to the 50th Transport Wing at Wright Field in Ohio.

## 31st Chauffeurs

(Continued from page one) the wheel. They are also required to keep detailed records of gas and oil consumption and, of course, mileage.

The men have their own language for the cars they drive; a command car is a "4 by 4"; a station wagon, a "2 by 4"; a truck, a "6 by 6"—all dependent upon the number of the wheel drive. Three men are on duty every evening, but any of the members of the section can be called upon to serve in an emergency, and they often are.

Every day these chauffeurs, like the drivers throughout the Division, have to be on the alert every minute they are at the wheel. And the fine safety record compiled by the 31st automobile operators is proof that they are tending to their job, and that the thousands of troops being conveyed to Louisiana will be in safe hands when they jump in the trucks and shout, "Let's go!"

### At Last Their Dreams Come True—All of 'Em!

Chalk up on your list of those who've had ambitions fulfilled since they've been in the Army the truckdrivers of Co. A, 156th Inf.

Ever since their section was first organized, the men have been wanting a commissioned officer as leader. Well, now they have one—but it isn't through the efforts of their regimental headquarters.

After months of futile waiting for headquarters to assign an officer to them, the Baton Rouge, La. "Jeep pushers" took matters into their own hands and got them one of their own—a small dog which they adopted and christened "Lieutenant."

### Accused Opponent Of Being Octopi

The boys in regimental headquarters, 167th Inf., have been kidding Pvt. L. J. Smith about his boxing match Friday night. "Smitty didn't know deformed men were accepted in the Army," Cpl. DeWitte Gordon said. "That man he fought Friday night had six arms."

## Aunt Visits Nephew At "Receiving Line"

Private Marsh C. Pickett of Regimental Headquarters, 114th Field Artillery, chuckles every time he recalls the predicament of his aunt in Yazoo City, Mississippi. His cousin was recently inducted into the Army and while at the Reception Center at Camp Shelby wrote Pickett's aunt. It seems that Mrs. Pickett misunderstood her son, for she visited Shelby and expected to see her progeny at the "Receiving Line." When she did locate him in a tent, however, his hearty greeting and hug was more than a welcome substitute for the handshake which one usually gets from those on the receiving line.

## No More Shaved Heads Record Or No Record

The end came this week to an ambitious undertaking in the 106th Quartermaster Regiment when an order was issued, outlawing shaved heads. Company F of the quartermaster unit had vowed to be the bald-headed outfit of the United States Army, and 27 of that organization had already had their locks sheared before the edict was handed down.

The rush to tonsure the men's heads came after two of the soldiers had the job done, and the barber offered to give free service to any others desiring to denude their heads. The offer was accepted by 25 more of the F men, and they were well on their way to a record. Company F, however, is the chauffeur organization of the Division, and the staff officers began to wonder about the abundance of bare-headed drivers. The order to stop the practice was then issued, and the brave 27 will have to stand alone, with no recruits to their clique being possible.

One of the officers asked a soldier what was done with the shorn hair" said the chauffeur, without a wasted breath or slowing the speed of the reconnaissance car. "We don't throw it away sir. One of the boy's father is an embalmer and we put the hair in an envelope and send it to him. There are many times when he needs a little hair to patch up one of his clients."

## 124th Infantry Was Functioning As Early As War Between The States

Ed. Note: With this brief history of the 124th Infantry, the Dixie begins a series that will cover all the regiments of the Division. Authorities on the facts and colorful events in the life of the unit are urged to cooperate with regimental reporters in gathering material.)

By Lt. Frank H. Crowe

Although the 124th Infantry is entitled to claim its descent from the first garrisons established in America during the 16th century, it was not until Civil War days that any connected chain of succession can be authenticated.

At the outbreak of the War between the States "The First Florida Infantry" was mustered into Confederate service, and the history of the organization during that internecine war was as honorable and as glorious as that of the sister regiment now designated as the 167th Infantry, or the "Boys from Alabama." In memory of the deeds of these early Florida troops our insignia bears a "saltire gules" or a red cross, which signifies their loyalty to the memory of the Florida State flag of the Confederacy.

After the Civil War, the State Militia was suppressed, but as old feuds died, again military organizations were formed within the State and officered by Southerners. By 1898 when the call came to deliver the Cubans from their oppressors, Florida troops again sprang to arms. The sheathed Spanish sword above the cross was placed on the shield to commemorate this service.

Eighteen years later the Florida Infantry was sent to the Mexican border to preserve order. The cactus on the shield below the cross represents this duty in Mexico.

Close upon the heels of the border troubles came the First World War. As the main line of defense behind the skeletonized regular Army, Florida soldiers were sent to France and distributed throughout the 31st or "Dixie" Division. This World War service is symbolized upon the regimental shield by the addition of the fleur-de-lis, or lily of France.

With such an honorable past it behooves every soldier of the 124th to know something about the significance of the bright insignia which he wears, and to use it as an inspiration to better things.

There are 1305 Chaplains in the Army of the United States. A bursting shell will disable an airplane 250 feet away.

### CLASSIFIED

LOST—A pocketbook containing valuable personal papers and fifteen dollars and some odd-cents. Believed to have been lost in the vicinity of the 117th. F. A. regimental area. Finder please return to Sergeant Roscoe Kelly, Battery F, 117th F. A. Reward offered.

FOUND—A pistol, about two months ago. Owner can have by satisfactory identifying. Sgt. McHale, Co. K., 167th Inf.

LOST—On Ocala march, one complete khaki suit tied together with shoe string. Was left in truck which returned from Ocala Sunday night, July 6. Pvt. William G. Toland, Co. F, 167th Inf.

LOST—One pair rimless glasses in blue case bearing name South-eastern Optical Company. Lost in Ocala Forest. Finder please return to Chaplain Richard D. Wolcott, 167th Infantry.

FOUND—Honorable Discharge Certificate from the U. S. Army of Corp. Irving Billyou, Co. F, 18th Infantry, covering period of service during World War. Claim at headquarters, 116th Field Artillery.

LOST—A pair of size 36 blue Ganters Wikies trunks. Believed taken from game room of Service Club No. 1. No questions asked if returned to Pvt. B. L. Gordon, orderly Service Club No. 1. Reward.

FOR RENT—During months of August and September. Furnished cottage on Kingsley Lake. See A. A. Griffith, Canova Drug Store, Starke, Fla., or Lt. Col. P. S. Pugh, Jr., Phone 346, Hq. 31st Division.